



## Subject: History







Topic: Tudors

Year: 5

### What I should already know

- Place different periods on a timeline (Romans, Greeks, Mayans, Pre-Historic Britain).
- Civilisation has developed over time.
- The differences between now and the past.
- Understand some time scales and know that Ancient times were a lot longer ago than other periods in history.

### What am I going to learn?

- The Tudor reign lasted from 1485 to 1603.
- The Tudors were a Welsh-English family that ruled England and Wales from 1485 to 1603 - one of the most exciting periods of British history.
- They ruled for 118 years:
  -  **Henry VII** 1485 - 1509
  -  **Henry VIII** 1509 - 1547
  -  **Edward VI** 1547 - 1553
  -  **Jane Grey** 1553 - 1553
  -  **Mary I** 1553 - 1558
  -  **Elizabeth I** 1558 - 1603
- The first Tudor king was Henry VII. He was followed by his son, Henry VIII, who was famous for marrying six times and beheading two of his wives!
- The Tudors are famous for many things, including the Henry VIII and his six wives, the exploration of America and the plays of William Shakespeare.
- Inventories: Inventories were using in Tudor times to record all the items a person owned when they died. They showed the value of each item and gave a total value at the end.  
**Tudor games and sports:**
- The Tudors enjoyed playing card and dice games, and they played a number of board games, such as chess, a version of backgammon called 'Squares', Fox and Geese (sometimes called Fox and Hound) and a version of draughts. Jousting was their favourite sport.  
**Severe punishments:**
- Punishments included: Hanging, whipping, the pillory, ducking stool, the brank, the drunkard's cloak.  
**Tudor houses:**
- Most ordinary homes in Tudor times were half timbered - they had wooden frames and the spaces between were filled with small sticks and wet clay called wattle and daub.

### Vocabulary

- Bed warmer** - A metal container used to warm beds in cold places.
- Chemise** - Chemise was to protect clothing from sweat and body oils and was worn under the dress.
- Dynasty** - A line of hereditary rulers of a country.
- Dissolution** - The action of formally ending or dismissing an assembly, partnership, or official body.
- Divorce** - End a marriage with someone.
- Heir/ Heiress** - A person legally entitled to the property or rank of another on that person's death.
- Horse and plough** - A plough was dragged by the horse to loosen the soil.
- Jousting** - A joust is defined as a fight between mounted knights wearing armour and using lances.
- Kirtle** - A woman's gown or outer petticoat.
- Monarch/monarch** - King, queen or emperor.
- Pauper** - A very poor person.
- Pillory** - a wooden stand with holes for someone to put their head and hands in (punishment).
- Ruff** - The ruff, which was worn by men, women and children, evolved from the small fabric ruffle at the drawstring neck of the shirt or chemise.
- Scythe** - A long-handled metal tool which enabled people to cut corn whilst standing.
- Tudor Rose** - Traditional floral heraldic emblem of England.
- Usurp/ usurper** - Take a position of power or importance illegally or by force.

### Useful Websites

- <http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/tudors/general.htm>
- <https://tudorhistory.org/>
- <https://www.elizabethi.org/contents/links/general.htm>